

Pediatric Weight Management Group Visits: A Primary Care In-Person and Telehealth Hybrid Model



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Introduction

- Childhood obesity is a multifactorial chronic disease commonly encountered in pediatrics
- The American Academy of Pediatrics Clinical Practice
 Guideline (CPG) for pediatric obesity states that increased
 contact hours with patients with obesity, leads to improved
 weight status and health outcomes
- Dedicated pediatric weight management (PWM) care delivered through a child-focused, family-centered model using a multidisciplinary approach further reinforces fundamental lifestyle changes
- We aim to describe the development and implementation of a multidisciplinary PWM group program that provides education to help promote healthy living

Methods

- Two primary care (PC) providers and a psychologist initially outlined core components of PWM, including nutrition, physical activity, and psychological core concepts based on an extant literature review
- A PWM specialized physical therapist and dietician agreed to help deliver content
- Nine patients ranging from 6-12 years old from five families were recruited for the pilot hybrid PWM group
- Group visits were held once per month for six months with the first and last visits conducted in-person and all others via telehealth



Incentives given to families after attended PWM visits

References

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Results

- Height, weight and body mass index (BMI) measurements were obtained at in-person visits
- An average of 7.5 patients attended each session
- Topics discussed included: goal setting, picky eating, physical activity, school lunches, food groups, afterschool snacks, and sugar sweetened beverages
- The Family Nutrition & Physical Activity (FNPA) Screening
 Tool was given at in-person visits to assess behavior change
- Families were contacted between visits by a disease manager to complete feedback surveys and assess barriers to implementation
- Topic-related incentives were provided after each attended visit
- Follow-up with families six months after program completion is planned

Discussion

- This pilot hybrid PWM program illustrates the feasibility and acceptability of a multidisciplinary, family-centered approach delivered through both in-person and telehealth group visits
- Consistent attendance, engagement with diverse educational topics, and integration of behavioral screening tools suggest <u>strong potential for promoting</u> <u>sustainable lifestyle changes</u>
- Ongoing follow-up and feedback collection will inform future iterations and support broader implementation of scalable, accessible obesity care models in pediatric primary care