Table 1 See Addendum for new or updated ACIP vaccine recommendations Recommended Child and Adolescent Immunization Schedule for ages 18 years or younger, United States, 2023

These recommendations must be read with the notes that follow. For those who fall behind or start late, provide catch-up vaccination at the earliest opportunity as indicated by the green bars. To determine minimum intervals between doses, see the catch-up schedule (Table 2).

Vaccine Vaccine	Birth	1 mo	2 mos	4 mos	6 mos	9 mos	12 mos	15 mos	18 mos	19-23 mos	2-3 yrs	4–6 yrs	7-10 yrs	11–12 yrs	13-15 yrs	16 yrs	17–18 yrs
Hepatitis B (HepB)	1# dose	∢ 2 nd (dose>		4		3 rd dose										
Rotavirus (RV): RV1 (2-dose series), RV5 (3-dose series)			1 st dose	2 nd dose	See Notes												
Diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis (DTaP <7 yrs)			1 st dose	2 nd dose	3 rd dose			◄ 4 th 0	lose			5th dose					
Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib)			1 st dose	2 nd dose	See Notes		<a>3rd or 4 See I	th dose _z Notes									
Pneumococcal conjugate (PCV13, PCV15)			1 st dose	2 nd dose	3 rd dose		∢ 4 th 0	dose>									
Inactivated poliovirus (IPV <18 yrs)			1 st dose	2 nd dose	◄		3 rd dose					4 th dose					See Notes
COVID-19 (1vCOV-mRNA, 2vCOV-mRNA, 1vCOV-aPS)					2- or 3- dose primary series and booster (See Notes)												
Influenza (IIV4)						Annual vaccination 1 or 2 doses						_ a	Annual vaccination 1 dose only				
Influenza (LAIV4)												ual vaccinati or 2 doses	ion		ual vaccinati	on 1 dose o	inly
Measles, mumps, rubella (MMR)					See	Notes	◄ 1 st o	dose				2 nd dose					
Varicella (VAR)							◄ 1 st (dose				2 nd dose					
Hepatitis A (HepA)					See	Notes		2-dose serie	es, See Note	s							
Tetanus, diphtheria, acellular pertussis (Tdap ≥7 yrs)														1 dose			
Human papillomavirus (HPV)														See Notes			
Meningococcal (MenACWY-D ≥9 mos, MenACWY-CRM ≥2 mos, MenACWY-TT ≥2years)								See Notes						1# dose		2 rd dose	
Meningococcal B (MenB-4C, MenB-FHbp)															See No	ites	
Pneumococcal polysaccharide (PPSV23)														See Notes			
Dengue (DEN4CYD; 9-16 yrs)															itive in ende ireas (See No		
Range of recommended ages for all children		ecommend up vaccinati				mmended a h-risk group			mended vac jin in this ag			commende shared clin				recommer ot applicabl	



Recommended Catch-up Immunization Schedule for Children and Adolescents Who Start Late or Who Are More than 1 Month Behind, United States, 2023

The table below provides catch-up schedules and minimum intervals between doses for children whose vaccinations have been delayed. A vaccine series does not need to be restarted, regardless of the time that has elapsed between doses. Use the section appropriate for the child's age. Always use this table in conjunction with Table 1 and the Notes that follow.

			Children age 4 months through 6 years								
Vaccine	Minimum Age for	Minimum Interval Between Doses									
Dose 1		Dose 1 to Dose 2	Dose 2 to Dose 3	Dose 3 to Dose 4	Dose 4 to Dose 5						
Hepatitis B	Birth	4 weeks	8 weeks and at least 16 weeks after first dose minimum age for the final dose is 24 weeks								
Rotavirus	6 weeks Maximum age for first dose is 14 weeks, 6 days.	4 weeks	4 weeks maximum age for final dose is 8 months, 0 days								
Diphtheria, tetanus, and acellular pertussis	6 weeks	4 weeks	4 weeks	6 months	6 months						
Haemophilus influenzae type b	6 weeks	No further doses needed if first dose was administered at age 15 months or older. 4 weeks if first dose was administered before the 1st birthday. 8 weeks (as final dose) if first dose was administered at age 12 through 14 months.	No further doses needed if previous dose was administered at age 15 months or older 4 weeks if current age is younger than 12 months and first dose was administered at younger than age 7 months and at least 1 previous dose was PRP-T (ActHib*, Pentace!*, Hilberix*), Vaxelis* or unknown 8 weeks and age 12 through 59 months (as final dose) if current age is younger than 12 months and first dose was administered at age 7 through 11 months; OR if current age is 12 through 59 months and first dose was administered before the 1st birthday and second dose was administered at younger than 15 months; OR if current age is 12 through 15 months; OR if current age is 12 through 59 months and first dose was administered before the 1st birthday and second dose was administered at younger than 15 months; OR	8 weeks (as final dose) This dose only necessary for children age 12 through 59 months who received 3 doses before the 1" birthday.							
Pneumococcal conjugate	6 weeks	No further doses needed for healthy children if first dose was administered at age 24 months or older 4 weeks if first dose was administered before the 1" birthday 8 weeks (as final dose for healthy children) if first dose was administered at the 1" birthday or after	No further doses needed for healthy children if previous dose was administered at age 24 months or older 4 weeks if current age is younger than 12 months and previous dose was administered at <7 months old 8 weeks (as final dose for healthy children) if previous dose was administered between 7–11 months (wait until at least 12 months old); OR if current age is 12 months or older and at least 1 dose was administered before age 12 months	8 weeks (as final dose) this dose is only necessary for children aged 12 through 59 months regardless of risk, or age 60 through 71 months with any risk, who received 3 doses before age 12 months.							
Inactivated poliovirus	6 weeks	4 weeks	4 weeks if current age is <4 years 6 months (as final dose) if current age is 4 years or older	6 months (minimum age 4 years for final dose)							
Measles, mumps, rubella	12 months	4 weeks									
Varicella	12 months	3 months									
Hepatitis A	12 months	6 months									
Meningococcal ACWY	2 months MenACWY-CRM 9 months MenACWY-D 2 years MenACWY-TT	8 weeks	See Notes	See Notes							
			Children and adolescents age 7 through 18 years								
Meningococcal ACWY	Not applicable (N/A)	8 weeks									
Tetanus, diphtheria; tetanus, diphtheria, and acellular pertussis	7 years	4 weeks	4 weeks if first dose of DTaP/DT was administered before the 1st birthday 6 months (as final dose) if first dose of DTaP/DT or Tdap/Td was administered at or after the 1st birthday	6 months if first dose of DTaP/DT was administered before the 1 st birthday							
Human papillomavirus	9 years	Routine dosing intervals are recommended.									
Hepatitis A	N/A	6 months									
Hepatitis B	N/A	4 weeks	8 weeks and at least 16 weeks after first dose								
Inactivated poliovirus	N/A	4 weeks	6 months A fourth dose is not necessary if the third dose was administered at age 4 years or older and at least 6 months after the previous dose.	A fourth dose of IPV is indicated if all previous doses were administered at <4 years or if the third dose was administered <6 months after the second dose.							
Measles, mumps, rubella	N/A	4 weeks									
Madada	N/A	3 months if younger than age 13 years.									
Varicella	N/A	4 weeks if age 13 years or older									